

Legislative Decree 30 June 2003, no. 196 (Data Protection Code)

Art. 13 Information

1. The person or the person with whom the personal data are collected, must first be informed orally or in writing:

- a) the purposes and methods of processing for which the data are intended;
- b) whether it is mandatory or optional nature of the data;
- c) about the possible consequences of a refusal to answer;
- d) the persons or groups of persons to whom the data may be communicated or who can acquire charge or employees are aware of and the extent of the spread of the data;
- e) the rights referred to in Article 7;
- f) the identification data of the organization and, if mentioned by name, the responsible¹. Once the rightholder has made several designated managers, so at least one of which must be specified and pointed out which network page or anywhere else finds the person concerned without considerable effort, the current list of those responsible. If a person responsible for answering the call, from exercising the rights provided for in Article 7 has named, this must be stated.

Art. 7

Right of access to personal data and other rights

1. The person concerned has the right to obtain confirmation as to whether data are available concerning them, even if they are not yet recorded, it also has the right to obtain their communication in an intelligible form.

2. The person concerned has the right to be informed:

- a) the origin of personal data;
- b) the purposes and methods of the processing;
- c) the logic applied in case of electronic data processing;
- d) the identification details of the owner, of the managers;
- e) the subjects or categories of subjects to whom the personal data may be communicated or who may become responsible or charged with this role.

3. The interested party has the right to

- a) updating, rectification or, where interested therein, integration of the data;
- b) to demand that illegally processed data be deleted, made anonymous or blocked; this also applies to data whose retention for the purposes for which it was collected or subsequently processed is not necessary;
- c) certification to the effect that the operations as per letters a) and b) above, as also related to their contents, have been communicated to those to whom the data or to which they have been disseminated, unless this requirement proves impossible or the use of means in relation to the protected right size.

4. The person concerned has the right to object, in whole or in part,

- a) the processing of personal data concerning him, oppose, for legitimate reasons, even if pertinent to the purpose of the collection;
- b) to the processing of personal data concerning him her, where it is carried out for the purpose of sending advertising materials or direct selling or for carrying out market research or sales communication.

¹The appointment of a responsible person is optional. Because it is associated with a large bureaucracy that is not recommended for such appointment. If no responsible person appointed, the responsibility lies in the field of data protection to the owner of the operating license (= copyright holder).